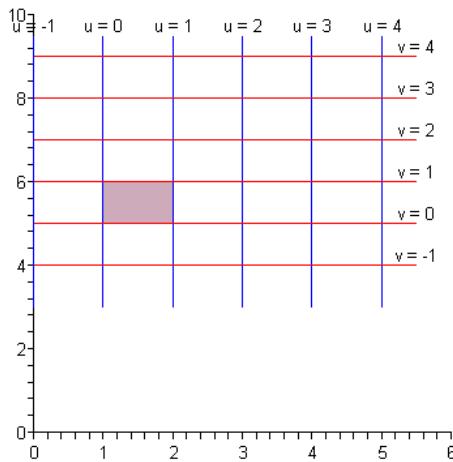


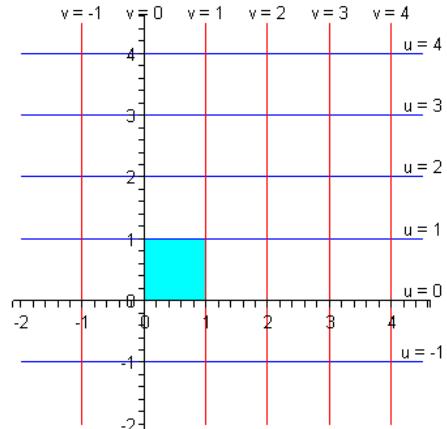
1. Section 3-1

1. $y = 4x^2$
3. $y = 2x$
5. $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$
7. $x = \frac{y^2}{4} - 4$
9. $x^2 + y^2 = 1$

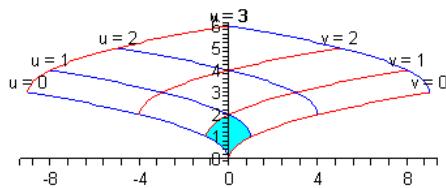
11.



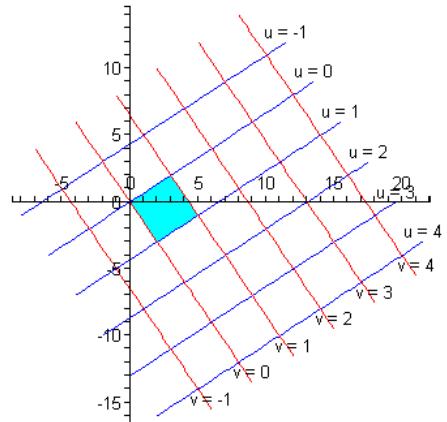
13.



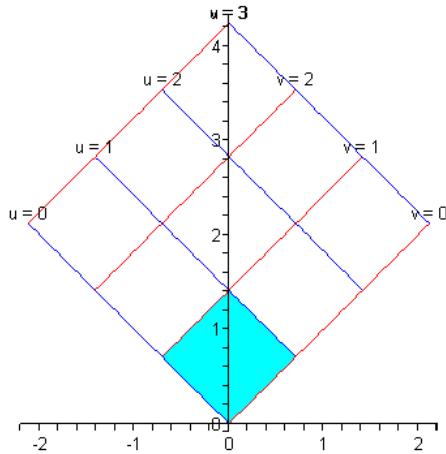
15.



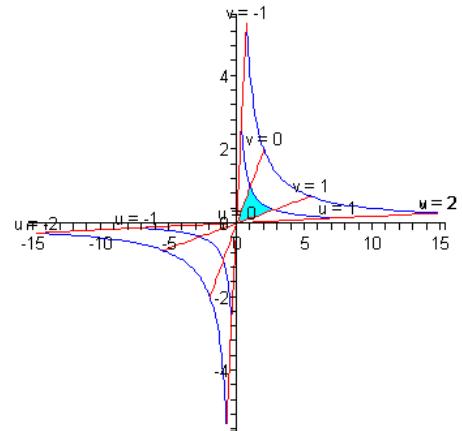
17.



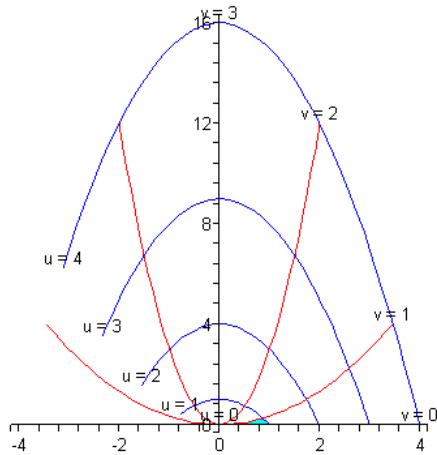
19.



21.



23.



25. $u^2 + \frac{v^2}{4} = 1$

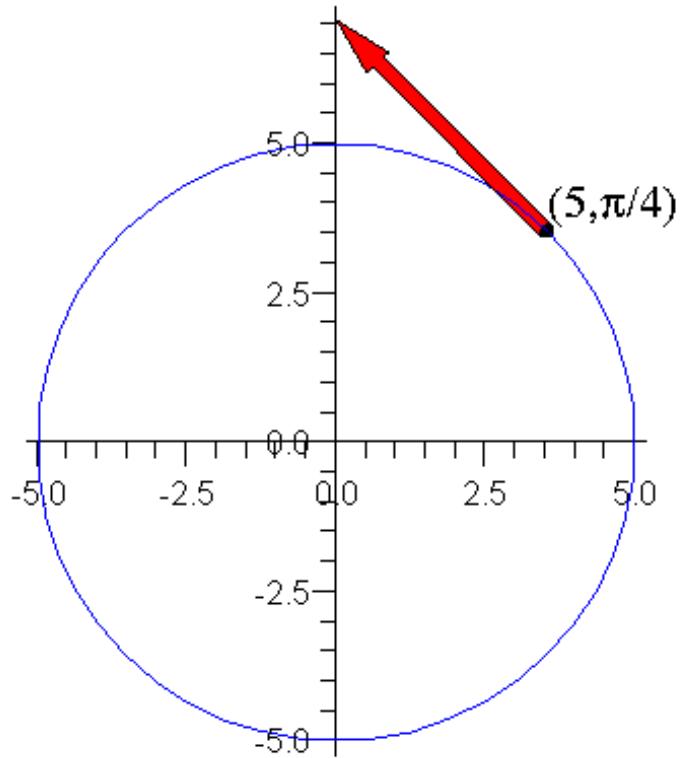
27. $u^2 - v^2 = 2$

29. $\frac{u^2}{16} + \frac{v^2}{9} = 1$

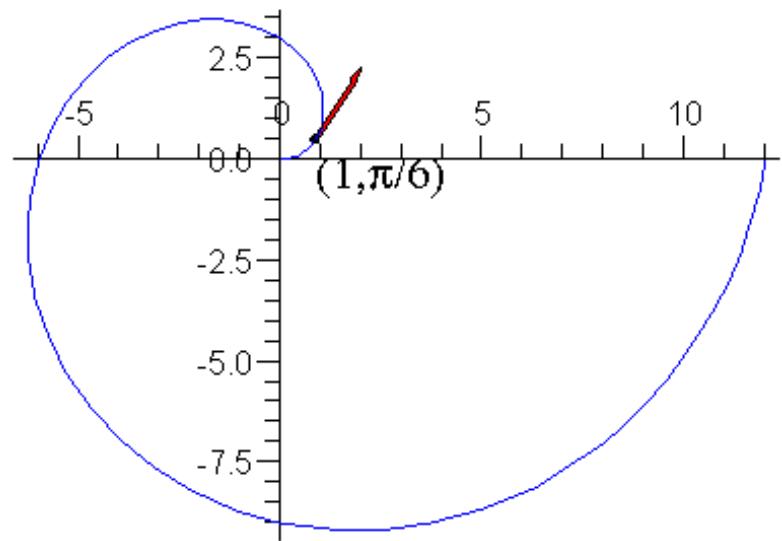
2. Section 3-2

1. a. $(-2, 0)$ b. $(-1, 0)$ c. $\left(\frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\right)$ d. $(1, -\sqrt{3})$

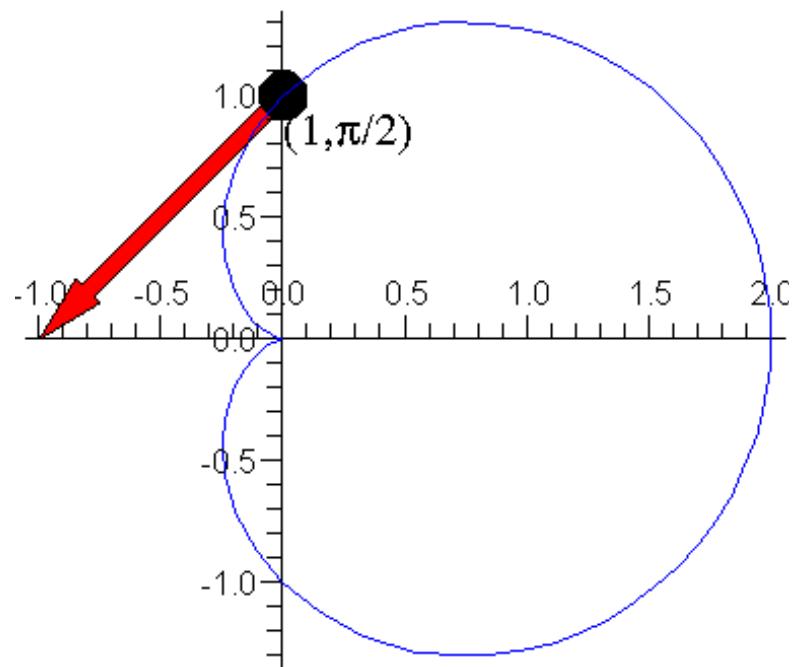
$$3. \quad v\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) = \left\langle \frac{-5\sqrt{2}}{2}, \frac{5\sqrt{2}}{2} \right\rangle$$



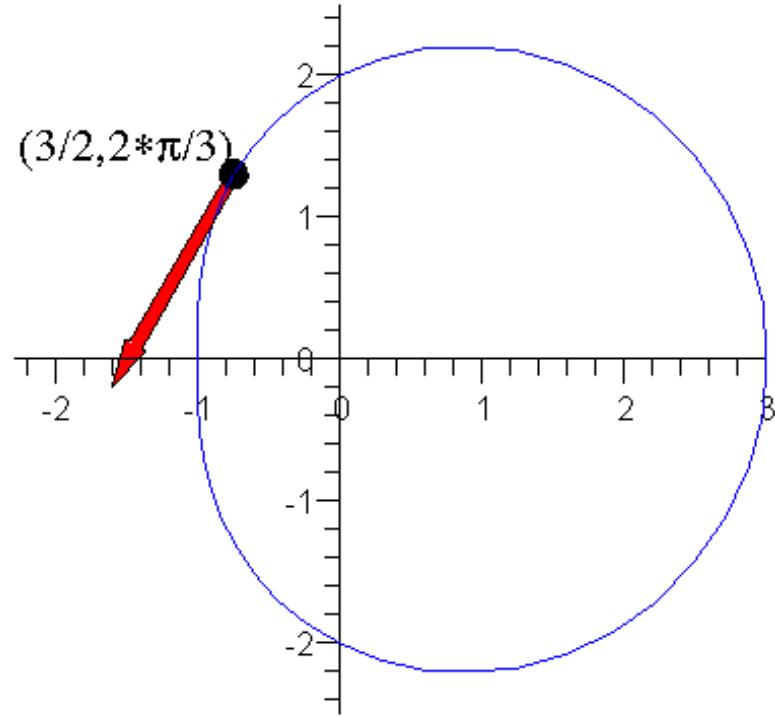
$$5. \quad \mathbf{v}\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \left\langle \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{\pi} - \frac{1}{2}, \frac{3}{\pi} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \right\rangle$$



$$7. \quad v\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = \langle -1, -1 \rangle$$



$$9. \quad \mathbf{v}\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) = \left\langle \frac{-\sqrt{3}}{2}, \frac{-3}{2} \right\rangle$$



$$11. \quad r = 4$$

$$19. \quad r = \frac{2}{1 - \cos(\theta)}$$

$$13. \quad r = \sec(\theta)$$

$$21. \quad r = \sin(\theta) + \sqrt{\sin^2(\theta) + 3}$$

$$15. \quad r = \frac{2}{\sin(\theta) - 3\cos(\theta)}$$

$$23. \quad r = 2\cos(\theta)$$

$$17. \quad r = \sec(\theta)\tan(\theta)$$

$$25. \quad r = \sqrt{2\sec(\theta)\csc(\theta)}$$

$$27. \quad p = 3, \varepsilon = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$29. \quad p = 2, \varepsilon = 0.2$$

$$31. \quad p = 2, \varepsilon = 0.5$$

$$33. \quad p = 5, \varepsilon = 0.6$$

3. Section 3-5

1. $\mathbf{w} = \langle 1, 2 \rangle, J = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{z} = \langle 3, -1 \rangle$
3. $\mathbf{w} = \langle 1, 3 \rangle, J = \begin{bmatrix} 2uv & u^2 \\ v^2 & 2uv \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{z} = \langle 36, 108 \rangle$
5. $\mathbf{w} = \langle 1, 0 \rangle, J = \begin{bmatrix} \sec(v) & u \sec(v) \tan(v) \\ \tan(v) & u \sec^2(v) \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{z} = \langle 1, 0 \rangle$
7. $dA = 2dudv$
9. $dA = (4u^2 + 4v^2) dudv$
11. $dA = 2|u| dudv$
13. $dA = 6|u| dudv$
15. $dA = |\cos(2u)| dudv$
17. $dA = (\sin^2(u) + \sinh^2(v)) dudv$
19. $dA = 2dudv$
21. $dA = dudv$
23. $dA = (4u^2 + 4v^2) dudv$
25. $dA = |\sinh^2(v) - \sin^2(u)| dudv$

4. Section 3-4

1. $x^2 + y^2 = z^2$
3. $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 1$
5. $\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} + \frac{z^2}{4} = 1$
7. $x^2 - y^2 + z^2 = 1$
9. $x^2 + y^2 - z^2 = 1$
11. $(x^2 + y^2) z^2 = 1$
13. $\mathbf{r}_u = \langle -\sin(u) \sin(v), 0, \cos(u) \sin(v) \rangle \quad \mathbf{r}_v = \langle \cos(u) \cos(v), -\sin(v), \sin(u) \cos(v) \rangle$ orthogonal
15. $\mathbf{r}_u = \langle 0, -\sin(u) \cos(v), \cos(u) \cos(v) \rangle \quad \mathbf{r}_v = \langle \cos(v), -\cos(u) \sin(v), -\sin(u) \sin(v) \rangle$ orthogonal
17. $\mathbf{r}_u = \left\langle 1, \frac{-\sin(v)u}{\sqrt{1-u^2}}, \frac{-\cos(v)u}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} \right\rangle \quad \mathbf{r}_v = \sqrt{1-u^2} \langle 0, \cos(v), -\sin(v) \rangle$ orthogonal
19. $\mathbf{r}_u = \frac{\langle 2(v^2-u^2+1), -4uv, 4u \rangle}{(u^2+v^2+1)^2} \quad \mathbf{r}_v = \frac{\langle -4uv, 2(v^2-u^2+1), 4v \rangle}{(u^2+v^2+1)^2}$ orthogonal
21. $\mathbf{r}(u, v) = \langle u, u \sin(v), u \cos(v) \rangle \quad \mathbf{r}_u = \langle 1, \sin v, \cos v \rangle$ orthogonal
23. $\mathbf{r}(u, v) = \langle u, (u-u^2) \sin(v), (u-u^2) \cos(v) \rangle \quad \mathbf{r}_u = \langle 1, (1-2u) \sin v, (1-2u) \cos v \rangle$ orthogonal
25. $\mathbf{r}(u, v) = \langle u, \cosh(u) \sin(v), \cosh(u) \cos(v) \rangle \quad \mathbf{r}_u = \langle 1, \sinh u \sin v, \sinh u \cos v \rangle$ orthogonal
21. $\mathbf{r}_v = \langle 0, u \cos v, -u \sin v \rangle$
23. $\mathbf{r}_v = \langle 0, (u-u^2) \cos v, -(u-u^2) \sin v \rangle$
25. $\mathbf{r}_v = \langle 0, \cosh u \cos v, -\cosh u \sin v \rangle$

5. Section 3-5

1. a. $(\frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}\sqrt{3}, 3)$ b. $(0, 7, 0)$ c. $(5, 0, 0)$ d. $(-4, 0, -2)$
 3. a. $(-\frac{3}{2}\sqrt{3}, 0, \frac{3}{2})$ b. $(\frac{7}{2}\sqrt{2}, \frac{7}{2}\sqrt{2}, 0)$ c. $(-1, 0, 0)$ d. $(0, 0, 5)$

In 5-11, substitute the value for r into the parameterization

$$\mathbf{r}(\theta, z) = \langle r \cos(\theta), r \sin(\theta), z \rangle$$

In 13-19 and 23, substitute the value for ρ into the parameterization

$$\mathbf{r}(\phi, \theta) = \langle \rho \sin(\phi) \cos(\theta), \rho \sin(\phi) \sin(\theta), \rho \cos(\phi) \rangle$$

In 25-29, substitute the value for r into the parameterization

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle r \cos(t), r \sin(t), r \rangle$$

- | | |
|--|---|
| 5. $r = 5$, | 17. $\rho = \sqrt{-\sec(2\phi)}$ |
| 7. $r = \sqrt{z^2 + 1}$ | 19. $\rho = \frac{1}{\cos(\phi) + 2 \sin(\phi) \sin(\theta)}$ |
| 9. $r = \frac{2}{3 \cos(\theta) + 4 \sin(\theta)}$ | 21. $\phi = \pi/4$, $\mathbf{r}(\rho, \theta) = \frac{\rho}{\sqrt{2}} \langle \cos(\theta), \sin(\theta), 1 \rangle$ |
| 11. $r = z$ | 23. $\rho = \sec(\phi) \sin(2\theta)$ |
| 13. $\rho = 5$ | 25. $r = \frac{1}{1 - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\theta)}$ |
| 15. $\rho = \csc(\phi) \sec(\theta)$ | 27. $r = \frac{2}{1 - \cos(\theta)}$ |
| | 29. $r = \frac{1}{1 - 2 \cos(\theta)}$ |

6. Section 3-6

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. $z = \frac{11}{3} - \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{1}{3}y$ | 15. $z = \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{6} + \frac{1}{2}\right)x + \left(\frac{1}{6} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)y$ |
| 3. $z = -\frac{1}{2}x + 3 - \frac{1}{4}y$ | 17. $z = \sqrt{2} - \frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{y}{\sqrt{2}}$ |
| 5. $3x + 4y + 2z = 13$ | 19. $z = e^{-2}y + 2e^{-1}$ |
| 7. $z = x + y - 1$ | 21. $z = 4x - y - 4$ |
| 9. $z = -x + 2 - y$ | 23. $z = 3x + 2y + 1$ |
| 11. $z = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}x + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}y$ | 25. $z = x + 4y$ |
| 13. $\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}} + \frac{y}{\sqrt{2}} = 1$ | |

$$\begin{aligned} & \langle \sin(t), \cos(t), 0 \rangle \\ & \langle \cos(t), -\sin(t), \rangle \\ & \langle 0, 0, \sin(t) \cos(0) \rangle \end{aligned}$$

7. Section 3-7

- | | | | |
|-----|--|-----|--|
| 1. | $ds^2 = 2du^2 + dv^2$ | 17. | 2π |
| 3. | $ds^2 = v^2 du^2 + 2dv^2$ | 19. | π |
| 5. | $ds^2 = du^2 + \sin^2(u) dv^2$ | 21. | $\rho'' = 0$, $\rho(t)$ is a straight line, so is a geodesic |
| 7. | $ds^2 = \cosh^2(v) du^2 + (2\cosh^2 v - 1) dv^2$ | 23. | $\rho'' \cdot \mathbf{r}_u = 32t + 24$, $\rho'' \cdot \mathbf{r}_v = -(4t + 3)$, not a geodesic |
| 9. | 2π | 25. | $\rho'' \cdot \mathbf{r}_u = 0$, $\rho'' \cdot \mathbf{r}_v = 0$, is a geodesic |
| 11. | 1 | 27. | $\rho'' \cdot \mathbf{r}_u = 0$, $\rho'' \cdot \mathbf{r}_v = \sinh(t) \cosh(t)$, is not a geodesic |
| 13. | 2π | 29. | $\mathbf{r}(t) = [\sin(t), \sin(t), \cos(t)\sqrt{2}]$, distance = $\frac{\pi\sqrt{2}}{2}$ |
| 15. | 1.9319 | 31. | $\mathbf{r}(t) = \langle 2, 2, 1 \rangle \cos(t) + \left\langle \frac{2}{\sqrt{17}}, -\frac{7}{\sqrt{17}}, \frac{10}{\sqrt{17}} \right\rangle \sin(t)$
distance = $\cos^{-1}\left(\frac{8}{9}\right) \approx 0.47588$ |

8. Section 3-8

1. $\kappa_n(\theta) = \cos^2(\theta)$, $\kappa_1 = 0$, $\kappa_2 = 1$, Gaussian flat
3. $\kappa_n(\theta) = 0$, flat, minimal, (it's a plane!)
5. $\kappa_n(\theta) = \frac{2\sin^2(\theta)}{(1+4v^2)^{3/2}}$, $\kappa_1 = 0$, $\kappa_2 = \frac{2}{(1+4v^2)^{3/2}}$, Gaussian flat
7. $\kappa_n(\theta) = \frac{\cos^2(\theta)}{\cosh^2(u)}$, $\kappa_1 = \frac{1}{\cosh^2(u)}$, $\kappa_2 = 0$, Gaussian flat
9. $\kappa_n(\theta) = \frac{-\sin(2\theta)}{1+u^2}$, $\kappa_1 = \frac{-1}{1+u^2}$, $\kappa_2 = \frac{1}{1+u^2}$, Minimal
11. $\kappa_n(\theta) = \frac{\sin^2(\theta)}{u\sqrt{2}}$, $\kappa_1 = \frac{1}{u\sqrt{2}}$, $\kappa_2 = 0$, Gaussian flat
13. $\kappa_n(\theta) = (2\cos^2(\theta) - 1) \operatorname{sech}^2(v)$, $\kappa_1 = \operatorname{sech}^2(v)$, $\kappa_2 = -\operatorname{sech}^2(v)$, Minimal
15. $\kappa_n(\theta) = -\sin(2\theta) \operatorname{sech}^2(v)$, $\kappa_1 = \operatorname{sech}^2(v)$, $\kappa_2 = -\operatorname{sech}^2(v)$, Minimal
17. $K = -4$
19. $K = 0$
21. $K = \frac{-2}{v^2(4v^2+1)^2}$
23. $K = \frac{\cos u}{2+\cos u}$